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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

WENDELL BELLE,

Movant,

-against-

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 2/9/2023

23-CV-0836 (VEC)

15-CR-0537-3 (VEC)

ORDER

VALERIE E. CAPRONI, United States District Judge:

Movant Wendell Belle, who is currently incarcerated at the Metropolitan Detention Center in Brooklyn, New York, brings this *pro se* motion, which he labels as a "Motion for Consideration," expressing his intention to challenge the legality of his sentence entered in *United States v. Belle*, No. 15-CR-0537-3 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 23, 2021). For the reasons set forth below, the Court grants Movant 60 days' leave to file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

A prisoner in federal custody may bring a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 attacking his conviction or sentence on the grounds that it violates the Constitution or United States law, was imposed without jurisdiction, exceeds the maximum penalty, or is otherwise subject to collateral attack. 28 U.S.C. § 2255. Under Rule 4(b) of the Rules Governing § 2255 Proceedings, the Court has the authority to review and deny a Section 2255 motion before directing an answer "[i]f it plainly appears from the motion, any attached exhibits, and the record of prior proceedings that the moving party is not entitled to relief." Rules Governing § 2255 Proceedings, Rule 4(b); see Acosta v. Nunez, 221 F.3d 117, 123 (2d Cir. 2000). The Court is obliged, however, to construe pro se pleadings liberally and interpret them "to raise the strongest arguments they suggest." Triestman v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons, 470 F.3d 471, 474 (2d Cir. 2006) (internal quotation marks

and citations omitted) (emphasis in original); see Green v. United States, 260 F.3d 78, 83 (2d Cir. 2001). Nevertheless, a pro se litigant is not exempt "from compliance with relevant rules of procedural and substantive law." Triestman, 470 F.3d at 477 (citing Traguth v. Zuck, 710 F.2d 90, 95 (2d Cir. 1983)).

BACKGROUND

On January 9, 2023, the Court received from Movant a submission labeled "Motion for Consideration." In his submission, Movant expresses his intent to challenge his conviction and sentence in a Section 2255 motion. He alleges that he was transferred from state to federal custody on November 23, 2022, and that while he was in state custody, he did not have access to "books or [a] computer system to study any federal law." (ECF 1, at 3.) Only upon admission into federal custody did Movant learn that he could file a postconviction motion under Section 2255 and that he had only one year to file any such motion. He states that he needs additional time to "study his case" and therefore "the one-year date from sentencing to file may[] not be met." (*Id.* at 3.) By memo endorsement dated January 31, 2023, the Court directed the Clerk of Court to open a new civil action for Movant's Section 2255 motion, and to docket his submission in the new action.

Movant was convicted in a judgment of conviction entered on February 23, 2021. *United States v. Belle*, ECF 1:15-CR-0537, 1621 (S.D.N.Y. Feb. 23, 2021). Movant appealed his conviction, and on August 19, 2022, the Court of Appeals affirmed his conviction. *See* No. 21-544 (L). Movant's conviction became final on or around November 17, 2022, at the expiration of the 90-day period to file a petition for a writ of *certiorari* with the Supreme Court. *See* Sup. Ct. R. 13.1. It therefore appears that has one year from on or around November 17, 2022, that is,

until approximately November 17, 2023, to file a timely Section 2255 motion. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2255(f).

DISCUSSION

Under Rule 2 of the Rules Governing Section 2255 Proceedings, a Section 2255 motion must (1) specify all the grounds for relief available to the moving party; (2) state the facts supporting each ground; (3) state the relief requested; (4) be printed, typewritten, or legibly handwritten; and (5) be signed under penalty of perjury by the movant or by a person authorized to sign it for the movant.

A motion must permit the Court and the respondent to comprehend both the movant's grounds for relief and the underlying facts and legal theory supporting each ground so that the issues presented in the petition may be adjudicated.

Movant's submission does not conform to the requirements of Rule 2 because it does not state any of his grounds for relief or the facts supporting such grounds for relief. The Court therefore grants Movant 60 days from the date of his order to file a motion under Section 2255 that complies with Rule 2.

CONCLUSION

The Court grants Movant 60 days' leave to file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 containing the information specified above. The motion must be submitted to this Court's Pro Se Office, be captioned as an "Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255," and bear the same docket number as this order. A Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 form is attached to this order, which Movant should complete as specified above. If Movant fails to comply with this order within the time allowed, and cannot show good cause to excuse such failure, the Court will direct the Clerk of Court to close this civil action without prejudice to any future Section 2255 motion that Movant may file.

Because Movant has not at this time made a substantial showing of a denial of a constitutional right, a certificate of appealability will not issue. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2253.

The Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that any appeal from this order would not be taken in good faith, and therefore *in forma pauperis* status is denied for the purpose of an appeal. *See Coppedge v. United States*, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

SO ORDERED.

Dated: February 9, 2023

New York, New York

VALERIE E. CAPRONI United States District Judge

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Motion to Vacate, Set Aside, or Correct a Sentence By a Person in Federal Custody

(Motion Under 28 U.S.C. § 2255)

Instructions

- 1. To use this form, you must be a person who is serving a sentence under a judgment against you in a federal court. You are asking for relief from the conviction or the sentence. This form is your motion for relief.
- 2. You must file the form in the United States district court that entered the judgment that you are challenging. If you want to challenge a federal judgment that imposed a sentence to be served in the future, you should file the motion in the federal court that entered that judgment.
- 3. Make sure the form is typed or neatly written.
- 4. You must tell the truth and sign the form. If you make a false statement of a material fact, you may be prosecuted for perjury.
- 5. Answer all the questions. You do not need to cite law. You may submit additional pages if necessary. If you do not fill out the form properly, you will be asked to submit additional or correct information. If you want to submit a brief or arguments, you must submit them in a separate memorandum.
- 6. If you cannot pay for the costs of this motion (such as costs for an attorney or transcripts), you may ask to proceed *in forma pauperis* (as a poor person). To do that, you must fill out the last page of this form. Also, you must submit a certificate signed by an officer at the institution where you are confined showing the amount of money that the institution is holding for you.
- 7. In this motion, you may challenge the judgment entered by only one court. If you want to challenge a judgment entered by a different judge or division (either in the same district or in a different district), you must file a separate motion.
- 8. When you have completed the form, send the original to the Clerk of the United States District Court at this address:

Clerk, United States District Court for	
Address	
City, State Zip Code	

- 9. <u>CAUTION:</u> You must include in this motion *all* the grounds for relief from the conviction or sentence that you challenge. And you must state the facts that support each ground. If you fail to set forth all the grounds in this motion, you may be barred from presenting additional grounds at a later date.
- 10. <u>CAPITAL CASES</u>: If you are under a sentence of death, you are entitled to the assistance of counsel and should request the appointment of counsel.

MOTION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2255 TO VACATE, SET ASIDE, OR CORRECT SENTENCE BY A PERSON IN FEDERAL CUSTODY

United States District Court	District		
Name (under which you were convicted):		Docket or Case No.:	
Place of Confinement:		Prisoner No.:	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	Mov	ant (<u>include</u> name under which you were c	convicted)
	v.		
	MOTION		
. (a) Name and location of court that ϵ	entered the judgment of	f conviction you are challenging	g:
(b) Criminal docket or case number ((if you know):		
. (a) Date of the judgment of conviction	n (if you know):		
(b) Date of sentencing:			
. Length of sentence:			
. Nature of crime (all counts):			
. (a) What was your plea? (Check one)			
(1) Not guilty \Box (2)		3) Nolo contendere (no contes	it) 🗖
(b) If you entered a guilty plea to one	•	and a not guilty plea to another	count
or indictment, what did you plead gu	uilty to and what did yo	ou plead not guilty to?	
. If you went to trial, what kind of tria	al did you have? (Check	a one) Jury 🗖 Judge	only [

(3) Date of filing (if you know):

(4) Nature of the proceeding:		
(5) Grounds raised:		
(6) Did you receive a hearing where evidence was given on your motion, petition, or		
	application? Yes \(\sigma\) No \(\sigma\)		
	7) Result:		
	8) Date of result (if you know):		
	•		
	(b) If you filed any second motion, petition, or application, give the same information:(1) Name of court:		
(2) Docket or case number (if you know):			
	3) Date of filing (if you know):		
	4) Nature of the proceeding:		
(5) Grounds raised:		
(6) Did you receive a hearing where evidence was given on your motion, petition, or		
а	application? Yes \square No \square		
(7) Result:		
(8) Date of result (if you know):		
(c) D	id you appeal to a federal appellate court having jurisdiction over the action taken on your		
moti	on, petition, or application?		
(1) First petition: Yes \square No \square		
	2) Second petition: Yes \square No \square		
·			

	(d) If you did not appeal from the action on any motion, petition, or application, explain briefly why you did not:
12.	For this motion, state every ground on which you claim that you are being held in violation of the Constitution, laws, or treaties of the United States. Attach additional pages if you have more than four grounds. State the <u>facts</u> supporting each ground.
GF	COUND ONE:
(a)	Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):
(b)	Direct Appeal of Ground One:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes \square No \square
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:
(c)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:
	(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application?
	Yes □ No □ (2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:
	Type of motion or petition:
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:

	Docket or case number (if you know):		
	Date of the court's decision:		
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):		
	(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application?		
	Yes □ No □		
	(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application?		
	Yes □ No □		
	(5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?		
	Yes □ No □		
	(6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:		
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:		
	Docket or case number (if you know):		
	Date of the court's decision:		
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):		
	(7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or		
	raise this issue:		
CD	OUND TWO:		
GK	CONDIWO.		
(a)	Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):		

(b) Direct Appeal of Ground Two:	
(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?	
Yes 🗆 No 🗅	
(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:	
(c) Post-Conviction Proceedings:	
(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application?	
Yes □ No □	
(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:	
Type of motion or petition:	
Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:	
Docket or case number (if you know):	
Date of the court's decision:	
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):	
(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application?	
Yes □ No □	
(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application?	
Yes □ No □	
(5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?	
Yes □ No □	
(6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:	
Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:	
Docket or case number (if you know):	
Date of the court's decision:	
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):	

	(7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this issue:
GR	COUND THREE:
(a)	Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):
(b)	Direct Appeal of Ground Three:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes \square No \square
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:
(c)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:
	(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application? Yes □ No □
	(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:
	Type of motion or petition:
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:
	Docket or case number (if you know):
	Date of the court's decision:

Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available): (3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application? Yes □ No □ (4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application? Yes □ No □ (5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal? Yes □ No □ (6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state: Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed: Docket or case number (if you know): Date of the court's decision: Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available): (7) If your answer to Question (c)(4) or Question (c)(5) is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this issue:

GROUND FOUR:

(a) Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):

(b)	Direct Appeal of Ground Four:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?
	Yes □ No □
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:
(c)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:
	(1) Did you raise this issue in any post-conviction motion, petition, or application?
	Yes □ No □
	(2) If your answer to Question (c)(1) is "Yes," state:
	Type of motion or petition:
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:
	Docket or case number (if you know):
	Date of the court's decision:
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):
	(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion, petition, or application?
	Yes □ No □
	(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion, petition, or application?
	Yes □ No □
	(5) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?
	Yes □ No □
	(6) If your answer to Question (c)(4) is "Yes," state:
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:
	••
	Docket or case number (if you know):
	Date of the court's decision:
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):

	(7) If your answer to Question $(c)(4)$ or Question $(c)(5)$ is "No," explain why you did not appeal or raise this issue:
13.	Is there any ground in this motion that you have <u>not</u> previously presented in some federal court? If so, which ground or grounds have not been presented, and state your reasons for not presenting them:
14.	Do you have any motion, petition, or appeal <u>now pending</u> (filed and not decided yet) in any court for the judgment you are challenging? Yes \square No \square If "Yes," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, and the issues raised.
15.	Give the name and address, if known, of each attorney who represented you in the following stages of the judgment you are challenging: (a) At preliminary hearing: (b) At arraignment and plea:
	(c) At trial:
	(d) At sentencing:

	(e) On appeal:		
	(f) In any post-conviction proceeding:		
	(g) On appeal from any ruling against you in a post-conviction proceeding:		
16.	Were you sentenced on more than one count of an indictment, or on more than one indictment, in		
	the same court and at the same time? Yes \square No \square		
17.	7. Do you have any future sentence to serve after you complete the sentence for the judgment that		
	you are challenging? Yes □ No □		
	(a) If so, give name and location of court that imposed the other sentence you will serve in the		
	future:		
	(b) Give the date the other sentence was imposed:		
	(c) Give the length of the other sentence:		
	(d) Have you filed, or do you plan to file, any motion, petition, or application that challenges the		
	judgment or sentence to be served in the future? Yes □ No □		

18. TIMELINESS OF MOTION: If your judgment of conviction became final over one year ago, you must explain why the one-year statute of limitations as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2255 does not bar your motion.*

^{*} The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ("AEDPA") as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2255, paragraph 6, provides in part that:

A one-year period of limitation shall apply to a motion under this section. The limitation period shall run from the latest of -

⁽¹⁾ the date on which the judgment of conviction became final;

⁽²⁾ the date on which the impediment to making a motion created by governmental action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the movant was prevented from making such a motion by such governmental action;

⁽³⁾ the date on which the right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if that right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or

⁽⁴⁾ the date on which the facts supporting the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.

Therefore, movant asks that the Court grant the following	wing relief:	
or any other relief to which movant may be entitled.		
	Signature of Attorney (if any)	
I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this Motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 was placed in the prison mailing system on (month, date, year).		
Executed (signed) on (date)		
	Signature of Movant	
If the person signing is not movant, state relationship signing this motion.	to movant and explain why movant is not	